
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 8-K/A

**CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

Date of Report (Date of Earliest Event Reported): May 30, 2008

MASTEC, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Florida
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

001-08106
(Commission File Number)

65-0829355
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

800 S. Douglas Road, 12th Floor, Coral Gables, FL 33134
(Address of Principal Executive Offices/Zip Code)

(305) 599-1800
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
 - Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
 - Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
 - Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
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The purpose of this Form 8-K/A No. 1 is to amend the current Report on Form 8-K filed by MasTec, Inc. on June 5, 2008 (the "Original 8-K") to, include the financial statements of Pumpco (as defined below) required by Item 9.01 of Form 8-K. This Form 8-K/A No. 1. effects no other changes. For the convenience of the reader all of the information previously contained in the Original 8-K is reproduced below.

Item 1.01. Entry into a Material Definitive Agreement.

Item 2.01. Completion of Acquisition Disposition of Assets.

Item 2.03. Creation of a Direct Financial Obligation Under an Off-Balance Sheet Arrangement of a Registrant.

As previously reported on the Original 8-K, on May 30, 2008 (the "Closing Date"), MasTec, Inc., a Florida corporation ("MasTec") through its subsidiary MasTec North America, Inc., a Florida corporation (the "Buyer") entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement"), dated as of May 1, 2008, with Alan B. Roberts (the "Seller"), pursuant to which the Buyer purchased all of the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock (the "Shares") of Pumpco, Inc., ("Pumpco"), a Texas corporation engaged in midstream oil and gas pipeline construction (the "Acquisition").

Pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, the purchase price for the Acquisition consists of \$44 million, which was paid in cash on the Closing Date (subject to adjustment as set forth in the Purchase Agreement) and earn-out payments payable over a five-year period equal to fifty percent of Pumpco's earnings before taxes above a significant threshold, as set forth in the Purchase Agreement (the "Earn-Out"). The Earn-Out is payable in cash, MasTec common stock or a combination thereof as set forth in the Purchase Agreement. At closing, Pumpco had approximately \$17 million of indebtedness, including \$12.4 million of equipment financing.

The foregoing summary of the Purchase Agreement is not complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Stock Purchase Agreement, a copy of which is filed herewith as Exhibit 10.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated herein by reference.

In connection with the Acquisition, on May 30, 2008, the Company entered into an equipment term loan in the aggregate principal amount of \$22.5 million (the "Equipment Term Loan") with General Electric Capital Corporation ("GE"), which proceeds were used to pay off \$8.7 million of Pumpco indebtedness with the balance used to pay in part the cash portion of the Acquisition. The Equipment Term Loan was pursuant to several promissory notes substantially in the form of Exhibit 10.2 to this Current Report on Form 8-K. The Equipment Term Loan is secured by most of Pumpco's existing equipment, as set forth in the Master Security Agreement dated May 30, 2008 between Pumpco and GE (the "Security Agreement"). The Equipment Term Loan will be payable in 60 monthly installments and bears interest at a fixed rate of 7.05%. Any prepayments within the first three years of the Equipment Term Loan will be subject to a prepayment penalty of 3%, 2%, or 1% of the then outstanding principal balance, for any unscheduled prepayments made during year one, two or three, respectively, of the Equipment Term Loan. MasTec has guaranteed the Equipment Term Loan pursuant to a Guaranty dated May 30, 2008 between MasTec and GE (the "Guaranty"). The foregoing summary of the Equipment Term Loan, Security Agreement and Guaranty is not complete and is qualified in its entirety by the reference to such documents a copy of each of which is filed herewith as Exhibits 10.2, 10.3, and 10.4, respectively, to this Current Report on Form 8-K and incorporated herein by reference.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(a) Financial Statements of Businesses Acquired

The financial statements required by Item 9.01(a) are filed herewith as Exhibit 99.1 and are hereby incorporated by reference

(b) Pro Forma Financial Information

The financial statements required by Item 9.01 (b) are filed herewith as Exhibit 99.2 and are hereby incorporated by reference.

(c) Shell Company Transactions

Not applicable.

(d) Exhibits

<u>Exhibit number</u>	<u>Description</u>
99.1**	Financial Statements of Business Acquired
99.2**	Pro Forma Financial Information
10.1*	Stock Purchase Agreement executed on May 30 th and dated as of May 1, 2008, between MasTec North America, Inc. as buyer, and Alan B. Roberts, as seller
10.2*	Form of Promissory Note for the Equipment Term Loan dated May 30, 2008 between Pumpco, Inc. and General Electric Capital Corporation
10.3*	Master Security Agreement dated May 30, 2008 between Pumpco, Inc. and General Electric Capital Corporation
10.4*	Corporate Guaranty dated May 30, 2008 from MasTec, Inc. to General Electric Capital Corporation
23.1**	Consent of BDO Seidman, LLP

* previously filed.

** filed herewith.

Signatures

Pursuant to the Requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the Undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

MASTEC, INC.

Date: July 29, 2008

By: /s/ C. Robert Campbell

Name: C. Robert Campbell

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief

Financial Officer

Exhibits

<u>Exhibit number</u>	<u>Description</u>
99.1**	Financial Statements of Business Acquired
99.2**	Pro Forma Financial Information
10.1*	Stock Purchase Agreement executed on May 30 th and dated as of May 1, 2008, between MasTec North America, Inc. as buyer, and Alan B. Roberts, as seller
10.2*	Form of Promissory Note for the Equipment Term Loan dated May 30, 2008 between Pumpco, Inc. and General Electric Capital Corporation
10.3*	Master Security Agreement dated May 30, 2008 between Pumpco, Inc. and General Electric Capital Corporation
10.4*	Corporate Guaranty dated May 30, 2008 from MasTec, Inc. to General Electric Capital Corporation
23.1**	Consent of BDO Seidman, LLP

* previously filed

** filed herewith.

Exhibit 99.1 Financial Statements of Pumpco, Inc.

Pumpco, Inc.
Financial Statements
April 30, 2008 and 2007
(Unaudited)

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PUMPCO, INC.
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended April 30	
	2008	2007
Revenue	\$ 14,328,345	\$ 11,342,893
Costs of revenue, excluding depreciation	12,276,430	7,715,974
Depreciation	2,033,471	1,147,743
General and administrative expenses	1,047,187	664,181
Operating (loss) income	<u>(1,028,743)</u>	<u>1,814,995</u>
Interest expense, net of interest income	145,287	68,612
Other (income) expense, net	<u>(9,295)</u>	<u>2,137</u>
(Loss) income before income taxes	<u>(1,164,735)</u>	<u>1,744,246</u>
Income tax benefit (expense)	393,800	(555,649)
Net (loss) income	<u>\$ (770,935)</u>	<u>\$ 1,188,597</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PUMPCO, INC.
BALANCE SHEET
(Unaudited)

	<u>April 30,</u> <u>2008</u>
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100,166
Accounts receivable, unbilled revenue and retainage, net	10,513,583
Inventories	88,256
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	646,927
Total current assets	<u>11,348,932</u>
Property and equipment, net	37,075,626
Total assets	<u>\$48,424,558</u>
Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity	
Current liabilities:	
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 10,717,794
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and billings in excess of costs	3,654,924
Total current liabilities	<u>\$ 14,372,718</u>
Deferred taxes, net	3,463,656
Long-term debt	8,406,800
Total liabilities	<u>26,243,174</u>
Commitments and contingencies	
Shareholder's equity:	
Common stock \$1.00 par value; 10,000 shares authorized; 4,666 shares issued; 2,333 shares outstanding	\$ 4,666
Additional paid-in capital	15,334
Retained earnings	23,661,384
	<u>23,681,384</u>
Treasury stock, 2,333 shares	<u>(1,500,000)</u>
Total shareholder's equity	<u>22,181,384</u>
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	<u>\$48,424,558</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PUMPCO, INC.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	For the three months ended April 30,	
	2008	2007
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$ (770,935)	\$ 1,188,597
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	2,033,471	1,147,743
Loss on disposal of assets	—	(8,920)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, unbilled revenue and retainage, net	(2,574,496)	(3,667,656)
Other assets, current and non-current portion	(475,442)	96,470
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	72,433	(486,372)
Deferred taxes, net	(97,038)	(146,640)
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,812,007)	(1,876,778)
Cash flows used in investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(3,389,466)	(630,587)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	—	29,239
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,389,466)	(601,348)
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities:		
Proceeds from revolving credit facility	3,000,000	—
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt	3,650,558	1,390,154
Repayments of long-term debt	(1,932,518)	(872,513)
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,718,040	517,641
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(483,433)	(1,960,485)
Cash and cash equivalents — beginning of period	583,599	2,617,013
Cash and cash equivalents — end of period	\$ 100,166	\$ 656,528
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 151,176	\$ 74,282
Income taxes	\$ 250,000	\$ 750,000
Non-cash items:		
Equipment acquired with installment purchase obligations	\$ 1,212,753	\$ 359,113

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PUMPCO, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

Note 1 — Nature of the Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pumpco, Inc. (“Pumpco” or the “Company”) is involved in the construction, fabrication, upgrading and maintenance of pipelines and the service of oilfield leases. Pumpco is headquartered in Giddings, Texas.

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements:

Management estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The more significant estimates relate to our revenue recognition. Estimates are based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for judgments about results and the carrying values of assets and liabilities. Actual results and values may differ from these estimates.

Comprehensive Income. Comprehensive income is a measure of net gain (loss) and all other changes in equity that result from transactions other than with shareholders. Comprehensive income equals net income for all periods presented.

Revenue recognition. Contracts vary in length but are generally completed in less than one year. The Company recognizes revenue and related costs as work progresses on contracts using the percentage-of-completion method, which relies on contract revenue and estimates of total expected costs. Management estimates total project costs and profit to be earned on each contract. This method is followed since reasonably dependable estimates of the revenue and costs applicable to various stages of a contract can be made. Under the percentage-of-completion method, revenue is recorded and profit is recognized as work on the contract progresses. The cumulative amount of revenue recorded on a contract at a specified point in time is that percentage of total estimated revenue that incurred costs to date bear to estimated total contract costs. The Company recognizes the full amount of any estimated loss on a contract at the time the estimates indicate such a loss.

Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts are classified as current liabilities. Any costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings are classified as current assets. Work in process on contracts is based on work performed but not billed to customers as per individual contract terms.

Allowance for doubtful accounts. Management reviews customer accounts regularly and establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts when balances become potentially uncollectible. No allowance for doubtful accounts is required as of April 30, 2008.

Cash and cash equivalents. All short-term investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

Inventories. Inventories, consisting of materials and supplies for construction, are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

Property and equipment. Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets which range from five to thirty-nine years. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the term of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred. Expenditures for betterments and major improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful life of the asset. The carrying amounts of assets sold or retired and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated in the year of disposal and the resulting gains and losses are included in other income or expense.

Valuation of Long-Lived Assets. Management reviews long-lived assets, consisting primarily of property and equipment, for impairment in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, “Accounting for the Impairment or

Disposal of Long-Lived Assets” (“SFAS No. 144”). In analyzing potential impairment, projections of future discounted cash flows from the assets are used. These projections are based on management’s view of growth rates for the related business, anticipated future economic conditions and the appropriate discount rates relative to risk and estimates of residual values. Management believes that its estimates are consistent with assumptions that marketplace participants would use in their estimates of fair value.

Income taxes. The Company records income taxes using the liability method of accounting for deferred income taxes. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected future tax consequence of temporary differences between the financial statement and income tax bases of assets and liabilities. Management estimates income taxes in each of the jurisdictions in which the Company operates. This process involves estimating the Company’s tax exposure together with assessing temporary differences resulting from differing treatment of items, such as deferred revenue, for tax and accounting purposes. These differences result in deferred tax assets and liabilities, which are included within the Company’s balance sheet. The recording of a net deferred tax asset assumes the realization of such asset in the future. Otherwise a valuation allowance must be recorded to reduce this asset to its net realizable value. Management considers future pretax income and ongoing prudent and feasible tax planning strategies in assessing the need for such a valuation allowance. In the event that management determines that the Company may not be able to realize all or part of the net deferred tax asset in the future, a valuation allowance for the deferred tax asset is charged against income in the period such determination is made.

Fair value of financial instruments. The Company’s debt as well as short-term financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts and notes receivable, accounts payable and other liabilities, consist primarily of instruments without extended maturities, the fair value of which, based on management’s estimates, approximated their carrying values.

New accounting pronouncements In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157 (“SFAS 157”), “*Fair Value Measurements.*” This statement establishes a single authoritative definition of fair value, sets out a framework for measuring fair value, and requires additional disclosures about fair-value measurements. SFAS 157 defines fair value as “the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.” SFAS 157 is effective for the fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position FAS 157-2, Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157, referred to FSP 157-2. FSP 157-2 delays the effective date of SFAS 157 for one year for all nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a nonrecurring basis. Management is analyzing SFAS No. 157 to determine the impact of adoption.

On February 15, 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, “*The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities — Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115*” (“SFAS 159”). This standard permits an entity to measure financial instruments and certain other items at estimated fair value. Most of the provisions of SFAS 159 are elective; however, the amendment to SFAS No. 115, “*Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities,*” applies to all entities that own trading and available-for-sale securities. The fair value option created by SFAS 159 permits an entity to measure eligible items at fair value as of specified election dates. The fair value option (a) may generally be applied instrument by instrument, (b) is irrevocable unless a new election date occurs, and (c) must be applied to the entire instrument and not to only a portion of the instrument. The adoption of SFAS 159 as of February 1, 2008 did not have a material impact on the Company’s financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued No. 141(R), “*Business Combinations*” (SFAS 141(R)) and SFAS No. 160 “*Accounting and Reporting of Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an amendment of ARB No. 51*” (SFAS 160). SFAS 141(R) and SFAS 160 significantly change the accounting for and reporting of business combination transactions and noncontrolling (minority) interests. SFAS 141(R) and SFAS 160 are effective for the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. SFAS 141(R) and SFAS 160 are effective prospectively; however, the reporting provisions of SFAS 160 are effective retroactively. SFAS 141(R) is required to be adopted concurrently with SFAS 160 and is effective for business combination transactions for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The Company will apply SFAS 141(R) prospectively to business combinations with an acquisition date on or after February 1, 2009. The Company is currently evaluating SFAS 160 and does not expect it will have material impact on its financial statements.

In April 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 142-3, “*Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets*” (FSP 142-3). FSP 142-3 amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension

assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" (SFAS 142) to improve the consistency between the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS 142 and the period of expected cash flows used to measure the fair value of the asset under SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations*, other U.S. GAAP. FSP 142-3 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is prohibited. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FSP 142-3 on the financial statements.

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Financial Interpretation No. 48 ("FIN No. 48"), "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes — An Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109." This Interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This Interpretation also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. The Company's adoption of FIN No. 48 on February 1, 2008 did not have a material impact on its financial statements.

Note 2 — Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable, classified as current, consist of the following:

	April 30, 2008
Accounts receivable -trade	\$ 8,797,992
Retainage	819,865
Unbilled revenue	888,176
Employee receivables	7,550
Accounts receivable, net	<u>\$ 10,513,583</u>

Retainage, which has been billed but is not due until completion of performance and acceptance by customers, is expected to be collected within one year.

Note 3 — Other Assets

Prepaid expenses and other current assets as of April 30, 2008 consisted of the following:

	2008
Prepaid income taxes	\$ 546,762
Prepaid insurance	100,165
Total	<u>\$ 646,927</u>

Note 4 — Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is comprised of the following as of April 30, 2008:

	2008
Land	\$ 1,176,013
Buildings and leasehold improvements	141,814
Machinery and equipment	45,467,130
Vehicles	9,300,967
	<u>56,085,924</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(19,010,298)</u>
	<u>\$ 37,075,626</u>

Management reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be realizable. If an evaluation is required, the estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with the asset are compared to the assets carrying amount to determine if an impairment of such asset is necessary. The effect of any impairment would be to expense the difference between the fair value of such asset and its carrying value.

Note 5 — Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of April 30, 2008 consisted of the following:

	<u>2008</u>
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:	
Accounts payable — trade	\$2,195,673
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	754,296
Accrued federal and state taxes	591,540
Billings in excess of costs	102,316
Accrued losses on contracts	504
Dividends payable	2,333
Other	8,262
Total	<u>\$3,654,924</u>

Note 6— Debt

Debt at April 30, 2008 includes \$16.1 million of equipment financing provided by various lenders at interest rates up to 8.00% due in installments through January 2011, is collateralized by the underlying equipment, and guaranteed by the shareholder and his spouse.

The Company maintains two revolving lines of credit and one master line of credit with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association totaling \$8.6 million.

The two revolving lines of credit and the master line of credit mature on May 31, 2009. The principal balances of the revolving lines of credit were \$3.0 million and \$0 at April 30, 2008, respectively. The principal balance of the master line was \$0 at April 30, 2008. The variable rate lines of credit expose the Company to interest rate risk.

Note 7 — Income Taxes

During the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company recorded a reduction to deferred tax liabilities due to changes in timing differences related primarily to fixed asset depreciation. The adjustment decreases deferred tax liabilities by \$97,038 and \$146,640, respectively.

Note 8 — Commitments and Contingencies

Pumpco is subject to a variety of legal cases, claims and other disputes that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of business. Management is not aware of any pending or threatened proceedings that might have a material impact on cash flows, results of operations or financial condition.

Note 9 — Concentrations of Risk

For the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007, one customer accounted for 58.4% and 45.3% of the Company's revenues, respectively. At April 30, 2008, this customer accounted for 63.7% of trade accounts receivable.

Note 10 — Related Party Transactions

The Company leases land and an office building from the shareholder and his spouse resulting in rent expense of \$24,900 in the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007. The Company is responsible for the real estate taxes, utilities, insurance, and maintenance of the property. The Company also leases an aircraft from a company owned by the shareholder on a per hour basis and paid \$66,612 and \$75,579 related to this lease in the three months ended April 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Note 11 — Subsequent Events

On May 30, 2008, the shareholder entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2008, with MasTec, Inc. (“MasTec”), a Florida corporation, pursuant to which MasTec purchased all of the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of Pumpco for the purchase price of \$44 million, which was paid in cash on the closing date plus the retirement and assumption of certain liabilities, and earn-out payments over a five-year period based on Pumpco’s future performance as set forth in the purchase agreement. The earn-out payments are payable in cash, MasTec common stock or a combination thereof. MasTec entered into an equipment term loan in the aggregate amount of \$22.5 million at 7.05% interest, payable in sixty monthly installments, maturing in 2013. This equipment term loan is secured by most of Pumpco’s existing equipment. In connection with this transaction, certain indebtedness was repaid or refinanced on a long-term basis by MasTec, and Pumpco became a guarantor under MasTec’s Senior Notes and Credit Facility.

Pumpco, Inc.
Financial Statements
January 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006
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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholder of
Pumpco, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Pumpco, Inc. (the "Company") as of January 31, 2008 and 2007 and the related statements of operations, shareholder's equity and cash flows for each of the three years ended January 31, 2008. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards of the Public Company Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 12, subsequent to January 31, 2008, the shareholder of Pumpco, Inc. approved the sale of the Company to MasTec, Inc.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Pumpco, Inc. as of January 31, 2008 and 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended January 31, 2008, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ BDO Seidman, LLP

Miami, Florida
July 25, 2008

PUMPCO, INC.
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Year Ended January 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Revenue	\$70,143,173	\$53,176,154	\$35,398,311
Costs of revenue, excluding depreciation	44,570,596	37,966,227	26,419,189
Depreciation	5,690,213	3,632,569	2,426,513
General and administrative expenses	5,583,793	4,262,494	2,104,242
Operating income	<u>14,298,571</u>	<u>7,314,864</u>	<u>4,448,367</u>
Interest expense, net of interest income	335,851	421,450	263,153
Other expense (income), net	<u>85,861</u>	<u>(135,292)</u>	<u>(15,038)</u>
Income before income taxes	13,876,859	7,028,706	4,200,252
Income taxes	<u>4,543,286</u>	<u>2,340,534</u>	<u>1,387,010</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 9,333,573</u>	<u>\$ 4,688,172</u>	<u>\$ 2,813,242</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PUMPCO, INC.
BALANCE SHEETS

	January 31,	
	2008	2007
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 583,599	\$ 2,617,013
Accounts receivable, unbilled revenue and retainage, net	7,939,087	4,323,348
Inventories	88,256	17,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	171,485	212,673
Total current assets	8,782,427	7,170,034
Property and equipment, net	34,506,878	18,531,742
Other assets	—	47,079
Total assets	\$43,289,305	\$25,748,855
Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 6,824,232	\$ 3,378,728
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and billings in excess of costs	3,582,491	3,752,396
Total current liabilities	10,406,723	7,131,124
Other liabilities	—	8,261
Deferred taxes, net	3,560,694	1,965,181
Long-term debt	6,369,569	3,023,187
Total liabilities	20,336,986	12,127,753
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholder's equity:		
Common stock, \$1.00 par value; 10,000 shares authorized; 4,666 shares issued; 2,333 shares outstanding	4,666	4,666
Additional paid-in capital	15,334	15,334
Retained earnings	24,432,319	15,101,102
	<u>24,452,319</u>	<u>15,121,102</u>
Treasury stock, 2,333 shares	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)
Total shareholder's equity	22,952,319	13,621,102
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$43,289,305	\$25,748,855

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PUMPCO, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

	Common Stock		Additional Paid in capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Total
	Shares	Amount				
Balance January 31, 2005	<u>2,333</u>	<u>\$ 4,666</u>	<u>\$ 15,334</u>	<u>\$ 7,604,354</u>	<u>\$ (1,500,000)</u>	<u>\$ 6,124,354</u>
Net income	—	—	—	2,813,242	—	2,813,242
Dividends	—	—	—	(2,333)	—	(2,333)
Balance January 31, 2006	<u>2,333</u>	<u>4,666</u>	<u>15,334</u>	<u>10,415,263</u>	<u>(1,500,000)</u>	<u>8,935,263</u>
Net income	—	—	—	4,688,172	—	4,688,172
Dividends	—	—	—	(2,333)	—	(2,333)
Balance January 31, 2007	<u>2,333</u>	<u>4,666</u>	<u>15,334</u>	<u>15,101,102</u>	<u>(1,500,000)</u>	<u>13,621,102</u>
Net income	—	—	—	9,333,573	—	9,333,573
Dividends	—	—	—	(2,356)	—	(2,356)
Balance January 31, 2008	<u>2,333</u>	<u>\$ 4,666</u>	<u>\$ 15,334</u>	<u>\$24,432,319</u>	<u>\$ (1,500,000)</u>	<u>\$22,952,319</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PUMPCO, INC.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended January 31,		
	2008	2007	2006
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 9,333,573	\$ 4,688,172	\$ 2,813,242
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation	5,690,213	3,632,569	2,426,513
Loss on disposal of assets	119,212	(106,775)	27,277
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, unbilled revenue and retainage, net	(3,626,349)	1,734,735	(2,181,508)
Inventories	(71,256)	(4,257)	—
Other assets, current and non-current portion	87,617	(6,735)	73,028
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(171,190)	1,076,811	1,434,541
Deferred income taxes	1,595,513	(440,379)	1,250,513
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>12,957,333</u>	<u>10,574,141</u>	<u>5,843,606</u>
Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities:			
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	448,994	176,919	7,444
Purchase of property and equipment	(11,246,168)	(6,287,918)	(5,792,297)
Decrease in deposits	650	1,500	—
Decrease in notes receivable	10,610	3,599	108,155
Decrease in notes receivable — shareholder	—	154,267	—
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(10,785,914)</u>	<u>(5,951,633)</u>	<u>(5,676,698)</u>
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities:			
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt	452,912	959,482	5,322,415
Repayments of long-term debt	(4,648,413)	(4,839,586)	(1,723,264)
Proceeds from revolving credit facility	—	—	3,860,000
Repayments of revolving credit facility	—	—	(6,035,000)
Dividends paid	(9,332)	—	—
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	<u>(4,204,833)</u>	<u>(3,880,104)</u>	<u>1,424,151</u>
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(2,033,414)	742,404	1,591,059
Cash and cash equivalents — beginning of period	2,617,013	1,874,609	283,550
Cash and cash equivalents — end of period	<u>\$ 583,599</u>	<u>\$ 2,617,013</u>	<u>\$ 1,874,609</u>
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest	\$ 400,091	\$ 437,920	\$ 269,650
Income taxes	\$ 2,370,000	\$ 2,450,000	\$ 12,000
Non-cash items:			
Equipment acquired with installment purchase obligations	\$ 10,987,387	\$ 3,091,708	\$ 1,836,193

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PUMPCO, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 — Nature of the Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pumpco, Inc. (“Pumpco” or the “Company”) is involved in the construction, fabrication, upgrading and maintenance of pipelines and the service of oilfield leases. Pumpco is headquartered in Giddings, Texas.

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements:

Management estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The more significant estimates relate to revenue recognition. Estimates are based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for judgments about results and the carrying values of assets and liabilities. Actual results and values may differ from these estimates.

Comprehensive Income. Comprehensive income is a measure of net gain (loss) and all other changes in equity that result from transactions other than with shareholders. Comprehensive income equals net income for all periods presented.

Revenue recognition. Contracts vary in length but are generally completed in less than one year. The Company recognizes revenue and related costs as work progresses on contracts using the percentage-of-completion method, which relies on contract revenue and estimates of total expected costs. Management estimates total project costs and profit to be earned on each contract. This method is followed since reasonably dependable estimates of the revenue and costs applicable to various stages of a contract can be made. Under the percentage-of-completion method, revenue is recorded and profit is recognized as work on the contract progresses. The cumulative amount of revenue recorded on a contract at a specified point in time is that percentage of total estimated revenue that incurred costs to date bear to estimated total contract costs. The Company recognizes the full amount of any estimated loss on a contract at the time the estimates indicate such a loss.

Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts are classified as current liabilities. Any costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings are classified as current assets. Work in process on contracts is based on work performed but not billed to customers as per individual contract terms.

Allowance for doubtful accounts. Management reviews customer accounts regularly and establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts when balances become potentially uncollectible. No allowance for doubtful accounts is required as of January 31, 2008 and 2007.

Cash and cash equivalents. All short-term investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

Inventories. Inventories, consisting of materials and supplies for construction, are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

Property and equipment. Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets which range from five to thirty-nine years. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the term of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred. Expenditures for betterments and major improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful life of the asset. The carrying amounts of assets sold or retired and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated in the year of disposal and the resulting gains and losses are included in other income or expense.

Valuation of Long-Lived Assets. Management reviews long-lived assets, consisting primarily of property and equipment, for impairment in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, “*Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*” (“SFAS No. 144”). In analyzing potential impairment, projections of future discounted cash flows from the assets are used. These projections are based on management’s view of growth rates for the related

business, anticipated future economic conditions and the appropriate discount rates relative to risk and estimates of residual values. Management believes that its estimates are consistent with assumptions that marketplace participants would use in their estimates of fair value.

Income taxes. The Company records income taxes using the liability method of accounting for deferred income taxes. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected future tax consequence of temporary differences between the financial statement and income tax bases of our assets and liabilities. Management estimates income taxes in each of the jurisdictions in which the Company operates. This process involves estimating the Company's tax exposure together with assessing temporary differences resulting from differing treatment of items, such as deferred revenue, for tax and accounting purposes. These differences result in deferred tax assets and liabilities, which are included within the Company's balance sheet. The recording of a net deferred tax asset assumes the realization of such asset in the future. Otherwise a valuation allowance must be recorded to reduce this asset to its net realizable value. Management considers future pretax income and ongoing prudent and feasible tax planning strategies in assessing the need for such a valuation allowance. In the event that management determines that the Company may not be able to realize all or part of the net deferred tax asset in the future, a valuation allowance for the deferred tax asset is charged against income in the period such determination is made.

Fair value of financial instruments. The Company's debt as well as short-term financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts and notes receivable, accounts payable and other liabilities, consist primarily of instruments without extended maturities, the fair value of which, based on management's estimates, approximated their carrying values.

New accounting pronouncements In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157 ("SFAS 157"), "Fair Value Measurements ." This statement establishes a single authoritative definition of fair value, sets out a framework for measuring fair value, and requires additional disclosures about fair-value measurements. SFAS 157 defines fair value as "the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date." SFAS 157 is effective for the fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position FAS 157-2, Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157, referred to FSP 157-2. FSP 157-2 delays the effective date of SFAS 157 for one year for all nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a nonrecurring basis. Management is analyzing SFAS No. 157 to determine the impact of adoption.

On February 15, 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities — Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115" ("SFAS 159"). This standard permits an entity to measure financial instruments and certain other items at estimated fair value. Most of the provisions of SFAS 159 are elective; however, the amendment to SFAS No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities," applies to all entities that own trading and available-for-sale securities. The fair value option created by SFAS 159 permits an entity to measure eligible items at fair value as of specified election dates. The fair value option (a) may generally be applied instrument by instrument, (b) is irrevocable unless a new election date occurs, and (c) must be applied to the entire instrument and not to only a portion of the instrument. The adoption of SFAS 159 as of February 1, 2008 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued No. 141(R), "Business Combinations" (SFAS 141(R)) and SFAS No. 160 "Accounting and Reporting of Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an amendment of ARB No. 51" (SFAS 160). SFAS 141(R) and SFAS 160 significantly change the accounting for and reporting of business combination transactions and noncontrolling (minority) interests. SFAS 141(R) and SFAS 160 are effective for the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. SFAS 141(R) and SFAS 160 are effective prospectively; however, the reporting provisions of SFAS 160 are effective retroactively. SFAS 141(R) is required to be adopted concurrently with SFAS 160 and is effective for business combination transactions for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The Company will apply SFAS 141(R) prospectively to business combinations with an acquisition date on or after February 1, 2009. The Company is currently evaluating SFAS 160 and does not expect it will have material impact on its financial statements.

In April 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 142-3, "Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets" (FSP 142-3). FSP 142-3 amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" (SFAS 142) to improve the consistency between the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS 142 and the period of expected cash flows used to measure the fair value of the asset under SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations*, other U.S. GAAP. FSP 142-3 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is prohibited. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FSP 142-3 on the financial statements.

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Financial Interpretation No. 48 ("FIN No. 48"), "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes — An Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109." This Interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This Interpretation also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. The Company is evaluating the effect this Interpretation will have on its financial statements.

Note 2 — Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable, classified as current, consist of the following at January 31, 2008 and 2007:

	2008	2007
Accounts receivable — trade	\$ 5,786,623	\$ 1,991,777
Retainage	713,248	24,369
Unbilled revenue	1,403,398	2,307,202
Employee receivables	35,818	—
Accounts receivable, net	<u>\$ 7,939,087</u>	<u>\$ 4,323,348</u>

Retainage, which has been billed but is not due until completion of performance and acceptance by customers, is expected to be collected within one year.

Note 3 — Other Assets and Liabilities

Prepaid expenses as of January 31, 2008 and 2007 consisted of prepaid insurance. Other non-current assets as of January 31, 2007 consisted of notes receivable from Pumpco employees. Other liabilities as of January 31, 2007 consisted of deferred gain on sale of property.

Note 4 — Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is comprised of the following as of January 31, 2008 and 2007:

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Land	\$ 1,176,013	\$ 748,645
Buildings and leasehold improvements	141,814	141,814
Machinery and equipment	41,796,028	25,195,172
Vehicles	8,943,344	7,337,230
	<u>52,057,199</u>	<u>33,422,861</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	(17,550,321)	(14,891,119)
	<u>\$ 34,506,878</u>	<u>\$ 18,531,742</u>

Management reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be realizable. If an evaluation is required, the estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with the asset are compared to the assets carrying amount to determine if an impairment of such asset is necessary. The effect of any impairment would be to expense the difference between the fair value of such asset and its carrying value.

Note 5 — Leases

The Company leases land and an office building in Lee County, Texas from the shareholder and his spouse through various leases expiring between October 2010 and October 2024 resulting in lease expense of \$179,600, \$99,600 and \$100,300 for the years ended January 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Monthly payments on these leases range from \$300 to \$4,000 per month totaling scheduled lease payments of \$9,800 per month during the year ending January 31, 2009 and thereafter.

The Company leases vehicles and equipment from various unrelated parties on a month-to-month basis.

Note 6 — Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of January 31, 2008 and 2007 consisted of the following:

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:		
Trade accounts payable	\$ 2,122,182	\$ 1,450,628
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	602,819	625,988
Accrued federal and state taxes	593,845	587,488
Billings in excess of costs	126,729	897,037
Accrued losses on contracts	126,322	181,599
Dividends payable	2,333	9,332
Other	8,261	324
Total	<u>\$ 3,582,491</u>	<u>\$ 3,752,396</u>

Note 7 — Debt

Debt is comprised of equipment financing provided by various lenders at interest rates up to 8.00% due in installments through January 2011, which is secured by the underlying equipment and collateralized by the personal guarantee of the shareholder and his spouse. Contractual maturities of long-term debt obligations are as follows:

Year ending January 31,	
2009	\$ 6,824,232
2010	4,724,693
2011	1,644,876
Total	<u>\$13,193,801</u>

Revolving Credit Facilities

The Company maintains two revolving lines of credit and one master line of credit with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association totaling \$8.6 million as follows:

A \$3.0 million revolving line of credit was renewed on December 18, 2007 at a variable interest rate equal to the prime rate as established by the lender less 0.750 percentage points with interest payments due on a monthly basis. The line is cross-defaulted to a second \$3.1 million line and is collateralized by the personal guarantee of the shareholder and his spouse.

A \$3.1 million revolving line of credit was renewed on December 18, 2007 at a variable interest rate equal to the prime rate as established by the lender less 0.750 percentage points with interest payments due on a monthly basis. Advances are limited to 80% of eligible accounts receivable as defined in the loan agreement. Each of these lines of credit requires the Company maintains a debt coverage ratio, as defined of 1.25 to 1.00 and a ratio of total liabilities to tangible net worth not greater than 1.5 to 1.0 as of the end of each year. The line is cross-defaulted to the previous \$3.0 million line and is collateralized by accounts receivable, accounts deposited with the lender, and the personal guarantee of the shareholder and his spouse.

A \$2.5 million master line of credit was established on December 18, 2007. Each advance of loan proceeds must be pre-approved by the lender and is restricted to fixed asset purchases. Repayment is to be made over equal monthly installments with interest rates to be determined at the time of each advance. The master line of credit is collateralized by the personal guarantee of the shareholder and his spouse.

The two revolving lines of credit and the master line of credit mature on May 31, 2009. A change of ownership of 25% or greater constitutes a default under each of the Company's lines of credit resulting in any outstanding balances becoming due and payable. The principal balances of both revolving lines of credit and the master line were \$0 at January 31, 2008 and 2007. The variable rate lines of credit expose the Company to interest rate risk.

Note 8 — Income Taxes

The Company's deferred income tax liability relates primarily to the method of depreciation used for fixed assets and the timing of income recognition as a result of the percentage-of-completion method of revenue recognition.

The expense (benefit) for income taxes from continuing operations consists of the following for the years ended January 31:

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Current:			
Federal	\$ 2,811,008	\$ 2,780,913	\$ 139,878
State and local	136,765	—	—
	<u>2,947,773</u>	<u>2,780,913</u>	<u>139,878</u>
Deferred:			
Federal	<u>1,595,513</u>	<u>(440,379)</u>	<u>1,247,132</u>
Expense for income taxes	<u>\$ 4,543,286</u>	<u>\$ 2,340,534</u>	<u>\$ 1,387,010</u>

The net deferred tax liability of \$3.6 million and \$2.0 million as of January 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively is primarily related to property and equipment.

A reconciliation of U.S. statutory federal income tax rate related to pretax income (loss) from continuing operations to the effective tax rate for the years ended January 31 is as follows:

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
U.S. statutory federal rate applied to pretax income from continuing operations	34%	34%	34%
State and local income taxes	1	—	—
Non-deductible expenses	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Expense for income taxes	<u>33%</u>	<u>33%</u>	<u>33%</u>

Note 9 — Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is subject to a variety of legal cases, claims and other disputes that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of business. Management is not aware of any pending or threatened proceedings that might have a material impact on cash flows, results of operations or financial condition.

Note 10 — Concentrations of Risk

For the years ended January 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, five customers accounted for 94.8%, 80.3% and 86.9% of revenues, respectively. At January 31, 2008 and 2007, two of these customers accounted for 84.9% and 66.9% of trade accounts receivable, respectively.

Note 11 — Related Party Transactions

The Company leases land and an office building from the shareholder and his spouse. The Company is responsible for the real estate taxes, utilities, insurance, and maintenance of the property. See Note 5, *Leases*. The Company also leases an aircraft from a company owned by the shareholder on a per hour basis and paid \$345,982, \$323,169 and \$210,118 related to this lease in the years ended January 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Note 12 — Subsequent Events

On May 30, 2008, the shareholder entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2008, with MasTec, Inc. (“MasTec”), a Florida corporation, pursuant to which MasTec purchased all of the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of Pumpco for the purchase price of \$44 million, which was paid in cash on the closing date plus the retirement and assumption of certain liabilities, and earn-out payments over a five-year period based on Pumpco’s future performance as set forth in the purchase agreement. The earn-out payments are payable in cash, MasTec common stock or a combination thereof. MasTec entered into an equipment term loan in the aggregate amount of \$22.5 million at 7.05% interest, payable in sixty monthly installments, maturing in 2013. This equipment term loan is secured by most of Pumpco’s existing equipment. In connection with this transaction, certain indebtedness was repaid or refinanced on a long-term basis by MasTec, and Pumpco became a guarantor under MasTec’s Senior Notes and Credit Facility.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

In May 2008, MasTec, Inc. acquired all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Pumpco, Inc. ("Pumpco") for a purchase price of \$44 million, paid in cash, plus the retirement and assumption of certain indebtedness and earn-out payments payable over a five-year period based on Pumpco's earnings before taxes above a significant threshold. The earn-out is payable in cash, MasTec common stock or a combination thereof. In connection with the acquisition, the Company entered into a \$22.5 million equipment term loan and used the proceeds to pay off \$8.7 million of Pumpco indebtedness with the balance used to pay a portion of the acquisition purchase price. The equipment term loan is secured by most of Pumpco's existing equipment. The acquisition is effective as of May 1, 2008, and, accordingly, Pumpco's earnings have been consolidated as of that date.

The unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial statements of MasTec, Inc. and Pumpco, Inc. as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2008 have been prepared from our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and the unaudited financial statements of Pumpco, Inc. as of and for the three months ended April 30, 2008. The unaudited pro forma combined condensed statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2007 has been prepared from our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007 and the audited financial statements of Pumpco, Inc. for the year ended January 31, 2008. There were no inter-corporate transactions in any period presented.

The unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial statements have been prepared on a basis to reflect the acquisition of Pumpco, Inc. as if this transaction occurred as of January 1, 2007 and 2008 for the statements of operations and as of March 31, 2008 for the balance sheet.

The unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial statements should not be considered indicative of actual results that would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed as of the dates indicated and do not purport to project the financial condition or results of operations for any future date or period.

You should read these unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial statements in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007 and our interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and with the audited financial statements of Pumpco, Inc. for the three years ended January 31, 2008 and the unaudited financial statements as of and for the three months ended April 30, 2008.

The pro forma adjustments are based on preliminary estimates, available information and certain assumptions, and may be revised as additional information becomes available. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements do not reflect any adjustments for non-recurring items or anticipated synergies resulting from the acquisition. The pro forma adjustments are more fully described in the notes to the unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial statements. The adjustments pertaining to the purchase accounting for the acquisition of Pumpco, Inc. are preliminary and will be subject to further procedures and, in some cases, valuation by an independent firm. Accordingly, the Company has prepared the pro forma adjustments based on assumptions that it believes are reasonable, but that are subject to change once additional information becomes available and the preliminary purchase price allocation is finalized.

MASTEC, INC.
UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED BALANCE SHEET
March 31, 2008
(in thousands)

	<u>Historical MasTec</u>	<u>Historical Pumpco*</u>	<u>Pro Forma Adjustments</u>	<u>Pro Forma Combined</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 81,523	\$ 100	\$ (51,286) (a) 22,500 (b)	\$ 52,837
Securities available for sale	28,116	—	—	28,116
Accounts receivable, unbilled revenue and retainage, net	153,049	10,514	—	163,563
Inventories	22,309	88	—	22,397
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	50,379	647	—	51,026
Total current assets	335,376	11,349	(28,786)	317,939
Property and equipment, net	84,379	37,075	2,400 (c) (4,820) (d)	119,034
Goodwill and other intangibles, net	206,043	—	22,283 (e)	228,326
Deferred income taxes, net	36,187	—	—	36,187
Other assets	27,070	—	83 (f)	27,153
Total Assets	\$ 689,055	\$ 48,424	\$ (8,840)	\$ 728,639
Current liabilities:				
Current maturities of debt	\$ 3,022	\$ 10,718	\$ (440) (g) (2,117) (h)	\$ 11,183
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	95,391	3,646	427 (i)	99,464
Other current liabilities	77,728	8	—	77,736
Total current liabilities	176,141	14,372	(2,130)	188,383
Other liabilities	31,832	3,464	—	35,296
Long-term debt	160,636	8,407	22,500 (b) (1,860) (g) (5,169) (h)	184,514
Total liabilities	\$ 368,609	\$ 26,243	\$ 13,431	\$ 408,193
Preferred stock	—	—	—	—
Common stock	6,720	5	(5) (j)	6,720
Capital surplus	553,380	15	(15) (j)	553,380
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	(231,794)	23,661	(18,841) (j) (4,820) (d)	(231,794)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(7,860)	—	—	(7,860)
Treasury stock	—	(1,500)	1,500 (j)	—
Total shareholders' equity	320,446	22,181	(22,181)	320,446
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 689,055	\$ 48,424	\$ (8,840)	\$ 728,639

* As noted previously, the Historical Pumpco balance sheet is as of April 30, 2008.

See accompanying notes.

MASTEC, INC
UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2008
(in thousands)

	<u>Historical MasTec</u>	<u>Historical Pumpco*</u>	<u>Pro Forma Adjustments</u>	<u>Pro Forma Combined</u>
Revenue	\$ 261,992	\$ 14,328		\$ 276,320
Cost of revenue, excluding depreciation	226,844	12,276		239,120
Depreciation	4,788	2,034	\$ (276)(k)	6,346
			(200)(l)	
General and administrative expenses	20,046	1,047	494(m)	21,391
			(196)(l)	
Interest, net	2,496	145	233 (n)	2,874
Other (income) expense, net	(151)	(9)		(160)
Income from continuing operations before minority interest, before income taxes	7,969	(1,165)	(55)	6,749
Income taxes (provision) benefit	(33)	394	(361)(o)	—
Minority interest	—			—
Income from continuing operations	<u>\$ 7,936</u>	<u>\$ (771)</u>	<u>\$ (416)</u>	<u>\$ 6,749</u>
Earnings per share from continuing operations:				
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.12			\$ 0.10
Fully diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.12			\$ 0.10
Shares outstanding- basic	67,187			67,187
Shares outstanding- diluted	67,585			67,585

* As noted previously, the Historical Pumpco results of operations is for the three months ended April 30, 2008.

See accompanying notes.

MASTEC, INC
UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007
(in thousands)

	<u>Historical MasTec</u>	<u>Historical Pumpco*</u>	<u>Pro Forma Adjustments</u>	<u>Pro Forma Combined</u>
Revenue	\$ 1,037,779	\$ 70,143		\$ 1,107,922
Cost of revenue, excluding depreciation	891,606	44,571		936,177
Depreciation	16,988	5,690	\$ (648)(k) (471)(l)	21,559
General and administrative expenses	114,723	5,584	1,463(m) (648)(l)	121,122
Interest, net	9,236	336	932(n)	10,504
Other (income) expense, net	(3,516)	85		(3,431)
Income from continuing operations before minority interest, before income taxes	8,742	13,877	(628)	21,991
Income taxes (provision) benefit		(4,543)	4,407(p)	(136)
Minority interest	(2,459)	—		(2,459)
Income from continuing operations	<u>\$ 6,283</u>	<u>\$ 9,334</u>	<u>\$ 3,779</u>	<u>\$ 19,396</u>
Earning per share from continuing operations:				
Basic earning per share	\$ 0.10			\$ 0.29
Fully diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.09			\$ 0.29
Shares outstanding- basic	66,147			66,147
Shares outstanding- diluted	67,626			67,626

As noted previously, the Historical Pumpco results of operations is for the twelve months ended January 31, 2008.

See accompanying notes.

MASTEC, INC.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following pro forma adjustments are included in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet:

- (a) Reflects total cash paid in connection with the acquisition including \$41.7 million in proceeds to the seller, \$2.3 million in retirement of the seller's debt associated with assets excluded from the acquisition, and \$7.3 million paid to retire certain of indebtedness of Pumpco as of the date of these pro forma financial statements.
- (b) Reflects proceeds from the equipment term loan entered into in connection with the acquisition.
- (c) To record the preliminary estimated fair value adjustment to fixed assets.
- (d) To record the distribution of certain Pumpco assets, excluded from the acquisition, to the selling shareholder.
- (e) To record the preliminary estimated intangible assets and goodwill arising from the acquisition of Pumpco as follows:

Customer contracts and relationships	\$ 5,200
Non-compete agreements	1,740
Tradenname	2,400
Goodwill	<u>12,943</u>
	<u>\$22,283</u>

- (f) To record deferred financing costs associated with the equipment term loan. See note (b).
- (g) Reflects the retirement of certain debt excluded from the acquisition, paid by MasTec out of the selling shareholder's proceeds from the transaction.
- (h) Reflects the retirement of certain Pumpco indebtedness.
- (i) To record accrued acquisition and financing costs.
- (j) Reflects the elimination of Pumpco's equity accounts.

The following pro forma adjustments are included in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations:

- (k) Reflects adjustment to depreciation resulting from the preliminary estimated write-up to fair value and the revised useful lives of the assets.
- (l) Elimination of Pumpco's expenses associated with non-revenue producing assets and activities, unrelated to Pumpco's core business, excluded from the acquisition.
- (m) Reflects amortization of acquired intangible assets. Customer contracts and related relationships are amortized on an accelerated basis to match the utilization of the related cash flow. The remaining intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.
- (n) Incremental interest expense reflecting an annual interest rate of 7.05% on acquisition debt of \$22.5 million net of interest savings on debt retired as part of the acquisition, plus the amortization of deferred financing costs on the equipment term loan over its 60 month term.
- (o) Pumpco income tax benefit offsets MasTec's provision and the remaining benefit is recorded as a fully reserved deferred tax asset.
- (p) Reflects the utilization of a portion of MasTec's deferred tax asset related to its net operating loss position to offset the Pumpco income tax provision. The remaining tax balance is related to state and local taxes in jurisdictions in which MasTec does not have an offsetting net operating loss position.

Consent of Independent Registered Certified Public Accounting Firm

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements (Form S-8 Nos. 333-139996, 333-112010, 333-105781, 333-105516, 333-38932, 333-77823, 333-47003, 333-38940 and 333-30647 and Form S-3 Nos. 333-142083, 333-133252, 333-46067) of MasTec, Inc. of our reports dated July 25, 2008, relating to the relating to the financial statements of Pumpco, Inc., which appear in this Form 8-K/A.

/s/ BDO Seidman LLP
Miami, Florida
July 29, 2008